



# Symmetric Key Cryptographic Primitives Based on Pseudo-Randomness, Randomness and Dedicated Coding

Power of Randomness for Enhancing Security and Low Implementation Complexity

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### Power of Randomness for High Security and Low Implementation Complexity



Goal: Design of
Cryptographic
Primitives with
Enhanced Security
and Low
Implementation
Complexity

- Encryption Compact Stream Ciphers
- Authentication Protocols for RFID and related applications



### Power of Randomness for High Security and Low Implementation Complexity



#### **Design Components:**

- Simple Finite StateMachine for thePseudo-Randomness
- Dedicated Coding: Homophonic and Error-Correction Ones
- Randomness

#### **Effects:**

- Enhanced Security Implied by Randomness
- Low Implementation Complexity



## Stream Cipher Approaches



- One-Time Pad pure random approach (provable security)
- Traditional Keystream
  Generator finite
  state machine: a
  deterministic approach
  (heuristic security)

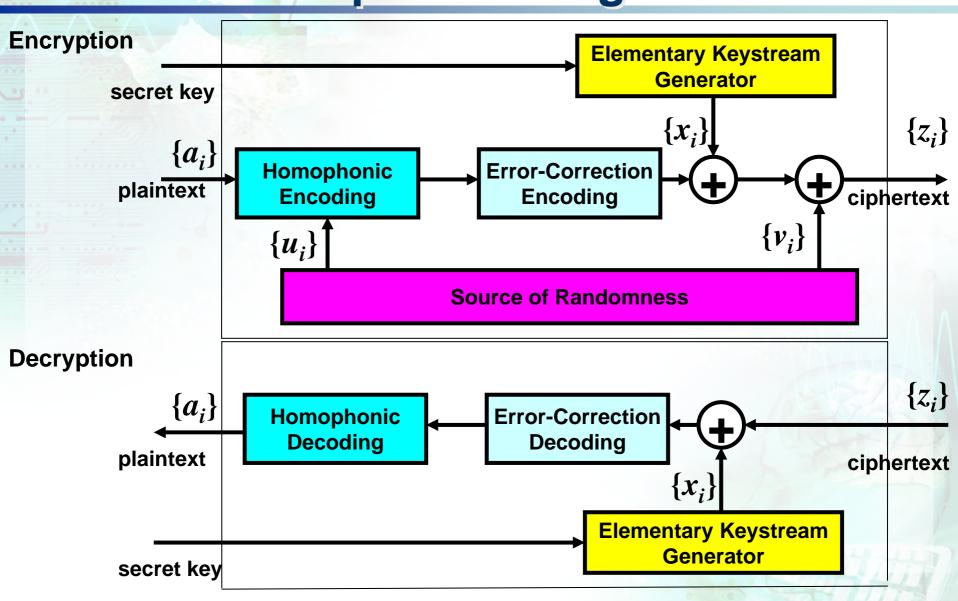
#### Randomized approach:

- A stream cipher based on employment of Pseudorandomness, Randomness and Dedicated Coding
- Towards provable security implied by the dimension of secret key



# Framework for a Stream Ciphers Design







#### References



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